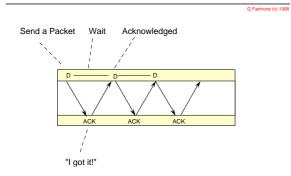


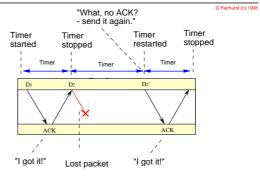
Implies....

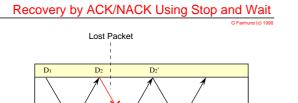
All information is received No information is duplicated Sequencing (no loss, no residual errors) (no extra copies) (original order is preserved)





Recovery by Timer Using Stop and Wait





"I got it!" "Say that again" "I got it!" (explicit NACK)

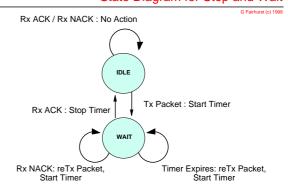
NACK

ACK

May be much faster than waiting for a timer

ACK

State Diagram for Stop and Wait



Stop & Wait

Advantages:

Very simple to implement

Disadvantages:

Response to every transmitted frame Half duplex operation Timers are needed to recover from loss of frames

Stop & Wait (Idle)

Wasteful with long delays

Continuous ARQ

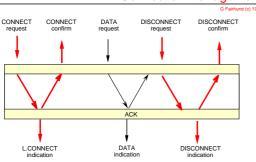
Uses a modulo sequence number

Numbers each packet to protect from duplication

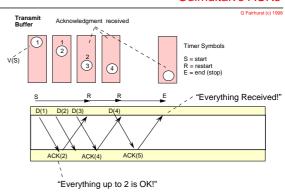
Numbers ACKs/NACKs

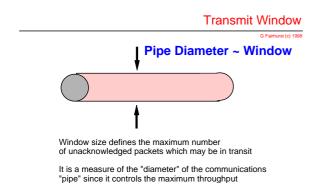
Requires buffers to store unacknowledged packets

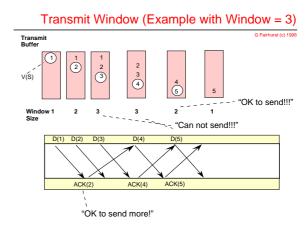
Requires connection management



Connection Management







Culmultaive ACKs

Continuous ARQ

Transmit Timer

Time-Out Recovery G Fairhurst (c) 1998

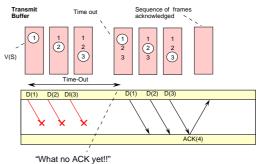


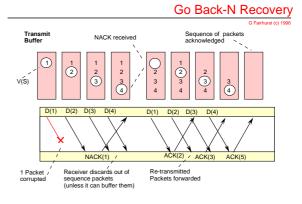
The transmit timer monitors the receipt of acknowledgements

Starts: When a Data Packet sent, and not already running

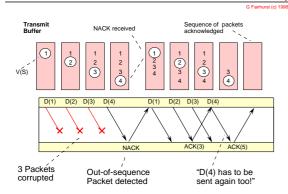
Restarts: When a new acknowledgment is received

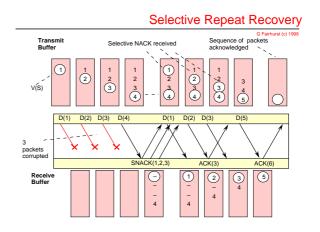
Stops: When all packets have been acknowledged



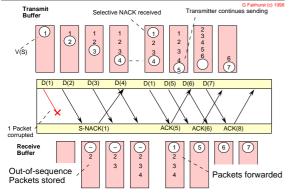


Go Back-N Recovery





Selective Repeat Recovery



ARQ Comparison G Fairhurst (c) 1998

Reliability G Fairhurst (c) 1998

Connection-Less Connection-Orien		
Best Effort	Reliable	
CRC Required	CRC Required	
Little setup required	Management Exchange	
No Confirmed Delivery	Acknowledgments	
No Retransmission	ARQ	

	S&W or Idle	Go-Back-N	Selective-Repeat
Protocol Design	Very simple	More Complex	Most Complex
Packet Types	I, ACK, NACK	I, ACK NACK (numbered)	I, ACK SNACK (numbered)
Buffer Requirements	One at Tx	Tx Window	Tx & Rx Window
Reliability?	Poss duplication	Reliable	Reliable
Timer?	Timer Needed	Timer Needed	Timer Needed
Efficiency	Low efficiency	Better efficiency with long delay x bandwidth	Best efficiency with long delay x bandwidth